

SULIT

Nama : Tingkatan :



JABATAN PELAJARAN TERENGGANU

PEPERIKSAAN PERCUBAAN SPM TAHUN 2008 1119/2

TINGKATAN 5

BAHASA INGGERIS

Kertas 2

Ogos/Sept

2 ¼ jam

Dua jam lima belas minit

JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALAN INI SEHINGGA DIBERITAHU

Arahan

- 1. Kertas soalan ini mengandungi empat bahagian. Bahagian A, Bahagian C dan Bahagian D.*
- 2. Jawab semua bahagian dalam kertas soalan ini.*
- 3. Soalan-soalan dalam Bahagian A mempunyai tiga atau empat pilihan. Jawab setiap soalan dengan menghitamkan ruang yang betul di halaman 18.*
- 4. Anda dinasihati supaya mengambil masa 25 minit untuk Bahagian A, 25 minit untuk Bahagian B, 50 minit untuk Bahagian C dan 35 minit untuk Bahagian D.*

Instructions

- 1. This question paper consists of four sections. Section A, section B, section C and Section D.*
- 2. Answer all sections.*
- 3. Questions in Section A might have three or four options. Answer all the questions by blackening the correct space on page 18.*
- 4. You are advised to spend about 25 minutes on Section A, 25 minutes on Section B, 50 minutes on Section C and 35 minutes on Section D.*

Section	Mark	
A	15	
B	10	
C	25	
D	25	
Total	75	

Kertas soalan ini mengandungi 19 halaman bercetak

Section A

[15 marks]

Questions 1 – 8

For each of the questions in this section, read the question first and then study the information given to find the best answer. Then blacken the options A, B, C and D in the answer sheet provided.

- 1 Based on the information below, answer the question that follows.

How to select pasta to match your favourite sauce

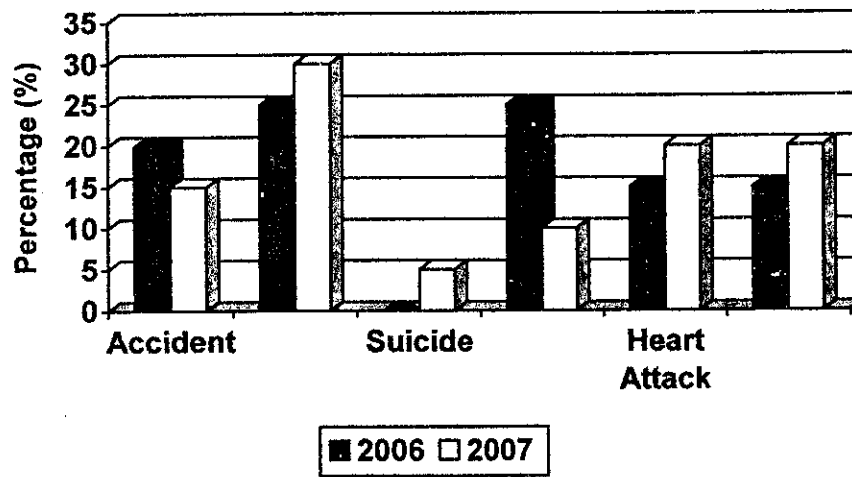
Dry pasta complements the more robust, oil-based sauces. Chunky sauces 'nest' more naturally with larger tubular shapes, or bigger shell shapes, while thinner sauces cling to spaghetti or gather in the hollows of *penne*. Thick creamy sauces engage well with ribbon pasta, like *fettuccine*.

What is the best sauce for *penne*?

- A chunky sauce
- B thinner sauce
- C creamy sauce
- D oil-based sauce

- 2 Based on the bar graph below, answer the questions that follow.

Causes of death in 2006 and 2007



The data of both years show that

- A suicide rate went down.
- B diabetic patients were not given treatment.
- C more people died of cancer and heart attack.
- D there were many reckless drivers on the road.

- 3 Read the book review below and answer the question that follows.

A SINGAPORE FAMILY COOKBOOK

Author: Violet Chow
Publisher: DAN International
Price: RM 54.80 at TPT Bookstores

Described as one of Singapore's leading foodies, Violet Chow has had a long and inspiring career as food critic with a newspaper, *The New Generation*; food writer for *Their World* and the *Singapore Expert*; restaurant owner; cooking teacher; TV chef and presenter and food ambassador. She was also publisher of the monthly magazine, *The Food World*, an authoritative designer about food.

Which of the following statements is **not** true?


- A Violet Chow owns a food outlet.
 - B Violet Chow speaks about food to people.
 - C Violet Chow is the most popular food expert in Singapore.
- 4 Read the sign below and answer the question that follows.

EXPRESS LANE
Less than 10 items ONLY

Where can we normally see this notice?

- A In a bank
- B In an airport
- C In a post office
- D In a supermarket

5 Read the advertisement below and answer the questions that follow.



Hotel Everglade Melaka

Shhh... We'll give you

RM 88

Stay at a rate starting from RM 268++* and get RM 88 per day to spend at any of our 7 Food & Beverage outlets. What's more, you can accumulate your credit over the number of nights you stay.

Whatever left unspent get refunded to you at 50% of value upon check out

- *Terms & conditions apply
- *Supplements apply over designated dates
- Room rate subject to 10% service charge & 5% government tax

Which of the following statements is **not** true?

- A The offer is applicable at all year round.
- B The lowest room rate is RM268 excluding the tax.
- C The more nights you stay the more rebates you will get.
- D The rebate of RM88 is to be spent in the hotel restaurant.

- 6 Study the cartoon strip below and answer the question that follows.



The phrase **bread and butter** gives the idea that the man

- A takes his job seriously.
- B works in a bread factory.
- C earns his living selling things.
- D takes bread and butter for his breakfast.

7 *Read the newspaper article below and answer the question that follows.*

Smoking is the most important lifestyle cause of cancer. Obesity ranks a close second. In other words, after smoking, obesity is the highest preventable cancer risk.

We used to say that one third of all cancers can be prevented if smoking were to completely cease. We can say now that two-thirds of cancers – 12 million new cancer cases diagnosed each year in the world – would not occur if we are all transformed to slim, fit non-smokers tomorrow.

(Sunday Star, July 13, 2008)

From the article we know that

- A cancer can be caused by smoking.
- B obesity is the main cause for cancer.
- C cancer would not occur if we stay slim and fit.

8 *Read the tips below and answer the question that follows.*

How to beat travel sickness

Forget those travel strips and dangly chains off the back of cars: the main cause for travel sickness is a mismatch between what the eyes see and what the body experiences. Research suggests the best remedy is to sit where you can see the road ahead, instead of looking at something inside the car.

Reader's Digest, February 2008

What is the best thing to do to beat travel sickness?

- A To sit at the back seat.
- B To look around the car.
- C To see the road in front of you.
- D To focus on something in the car.

Questions 9 – 15

Read the following passage and choose the best answer.

On that particular day, I decided to go to the beach. As I got 9 from my car, the salty breeze welcomed me. I sat down and 10 my feet into the warm, golden sand. Tiny crabs 11 here and there, while in front of me was the deepest blue-green sea. Several fishermen's boats could be seen in the horizon. The 12 waves lulled me, while behind was a row of casuarinas that rose majestically, lending shade to those who need 13. Tall coconut trees danced gracefully under the hot afternoon sun. A few people were 14 on the wet sand. Children were shouting in glee as their colourful kites soared high in the sky. Occasionally, a child's cry was heard as the kite flew off and was stuck on a tree. The smell of delicious food wafted in the air 15 hawkers began frying chicken nuggets and hotdogs. Suddenly I heard it – the ringing bell of the ice cream man! I quickly took out my coins and soon after I was enjoying the cold ice cream on a hot day.

Satisfied, I went home, feeling like a little girl once more.

- 9 A in
B on
C off
D out

- 13 A it
B its
C their
D them

- 10 A sink
B sank
C sunk
D sinking

- 14 A running
B strolling
C staggering
D wandering

- 11 A crept
B lagged
C scurried
D crawled

- 15 A as
B and
C since
D because

- 12 A soft
B gentle
C strong
D intense

Section B

[10 marks]

Read the information on the eco page and then complete the tasks given.

ECO PAGE**SAVE THE EARTH!**

*Environmental updates and easy tips to be kind to our little blue planet.
"Look after Mother Nature now, and one day she'll return the favour."*

HOLD ON PLEASE

Do not dispose of your mobile phone if it is not absolutely necessary. Mobile phones and batteries are full of toxic metals, including mercury, cadmium, lead and arsenic. If dumped or incinerated, these chemicals leak into the air, ground and water around us, with the potential to cause cancer and various illnesses. The cadmium from one discarded mobile, for example, can pollute up to 600,000 litres of water.

DID YOU KNOW?

- The energy saved from recycling one metre of aluminium can run an engine for three hours or a 100-watt bulb for 20 hours.
- Recycling tin or aluminium cans uses 90 to 95 percent less energy than mining and processing them from scratch.
- Tin takes 100 years to break down; aluminium, 500 years.

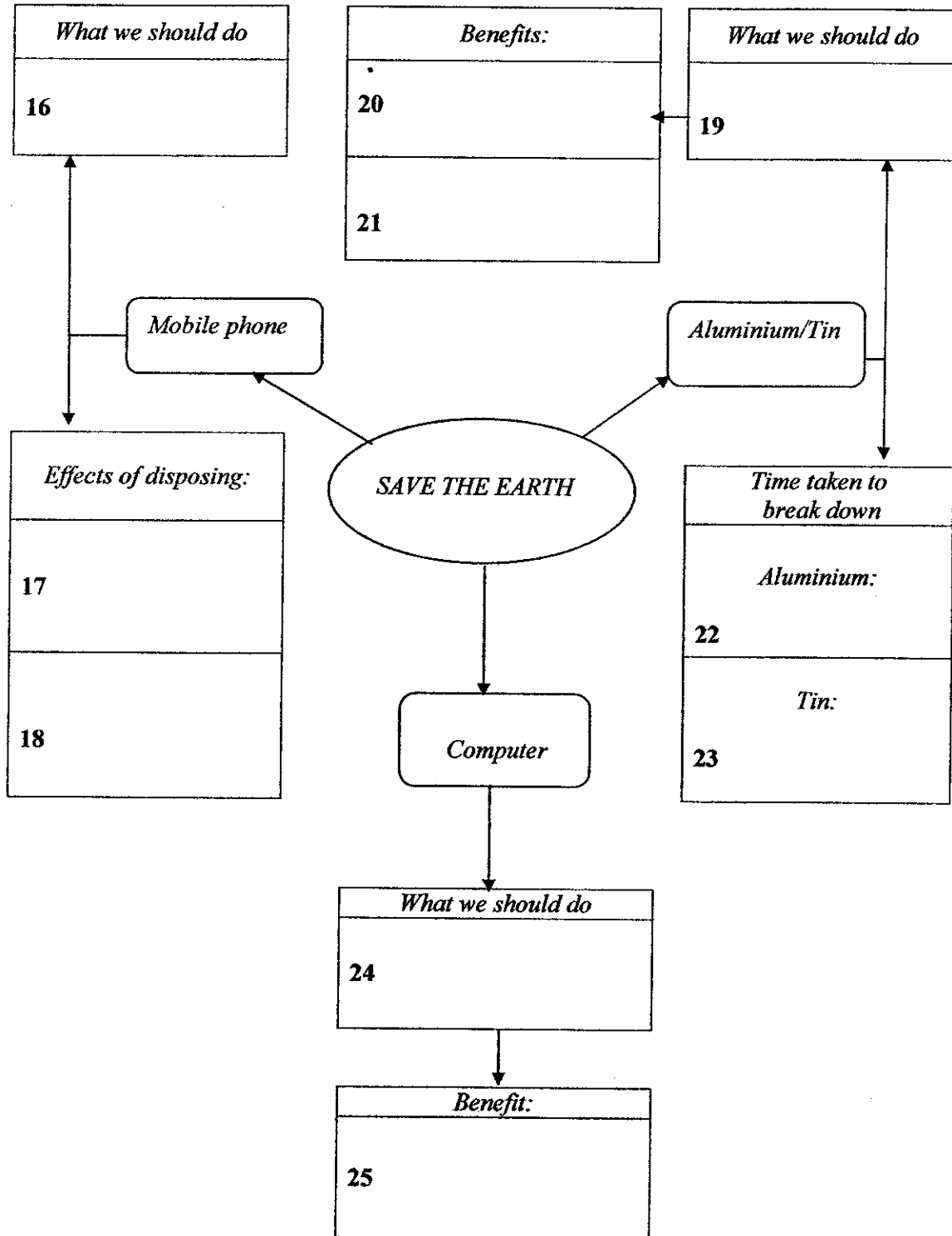
THINK AGAIN

Screen savers do not save energy. Set your computer to go into "sleep" mode when not in use; it uses up to 90 percent less electricity.



Questions 16 – 20

Using the information on the eco page, complete the graphic below.



Section C
[25 marks]

Questions 26-31 are based on the following passage.

- 1 "Let's do something different," Monica said to her fiancé, William after he proposed. They planned to fly to the city of Pucallpa and then on to Iquitos, a frontier town at the headwaters of the Amazon. The area was known for its hanging bridges – catwalks constructed high up in the treetops of the jungle – and for its wilderness river cruises. Two days after their wedding, the newlyweds were on their 14-hour bus ride to Lima. As the bus bumped along, Monica flicked through a guidebook, reading about the Peruvian rainforest, one of the most biodiverse places on earth. Their tour included a four-day trip down the Amazon in a boat. 5
- 2 At the airport in Lima, they met other passengers who were on board the Boeing 737. There were altogether 92 passengers and six crew members. Flight 204 was filled to near capacity. At 2.24 p.m., the plane lifted off the runway and into sunny skies. The 480-kilometre flight would take an hour. 10
- 3 Monica fell asleep and when she awoke, she heard the pilot instructing the passengers to fasten their seatbelts. The plane would be landing in Pucallpa in ten minutes' time. Moments later, the Boeing 737 began its descent, the skies outside darkened. Rain pelted the windows and the jet began to bump and roll. Soon the turbulence increased and the plane shook. Then there was a violent drop. 15
- 4 "Oh, my God!" cried Monica and grabbed her husband's arm. "It's okay. It happens all the time," he said. But William was nervous too. The plane was bouncing and dropping. It was out of control and hurtling downwards. The lights in the cabin flickered out. William saw tree limbs at the window. He felt something was not right. The aircraft shredded its way through thick rainforest canopy, slammed onto the ground, before finally breaking in half. Seats flew into the air and oxygen masks popped from overhead. William was thrown forward and saw an orange fireball burst in front of him. 20 25
- 5 The place was in chaos; passengers sprang from their seats and rushed into the aisle which was dark and filled with thick smoke. Their screams added to the confusion. William grabbed Monica and moved towards the exit door at the back. He pulled the handle and another passenger helped to kick the door.
- 6 The exit opened into darkness and a swamp lay three metres below. Escaping the metal-melting temperatures of the plane, the survivors were startled to find bitterly cold weather. William struggled to stand in the waist-high mud. Smoke and fumes swirled at the door. He knew the plane would explode at any second. "Get away from the plane!" he screamed. "Get away!" 30
- 7 Many of the survivors had severe burns and were bleeding from open wounds. Some had lost their shoes in the sucking mud. Thorns tore at their feet and legs as they stumbled towards higher ground. Frightened, wet and shivering, the group plodded on. Shortly after 4 p.m., the survivors saw two men from a local village 35

approaching. A few minutes later, they spotted the lights of cars. One by one, injured passengers began boarding vehicles bound for the hospitals. 40

8 The final toll for Flight 204 was 40 passengers and crew dead. The 58 survivors learned that the Peruvian government's investigation attributed the cause to human error, the pilot having attempted to land the plane in a sudden, violent storm.

(Adapted from *The Reader's Digest* May 2007)

Questions 26 – 30

Answer all questions. You are advised to answer them in the order set.

26 From paragraph 1,

(a) what was the 'different thing' that both William and Monica wanted to do?

..... [1 mark]

(b) what was the Amazon well-known for?

(i) [1 mark]

(ii) [1 mark]

27 From paragraph 2, what does the phrase 'filled to near capacity' mean?

..... [1 mark]

28 (a) From paragraph 3, why was the jet shaking?

..... [1 mark]

(b) From paragraph 4, how did William comfort his wife?

..... [1 mark]

29 (a) From paragraph 5, what made the chaos worse?

..... [1 mark]

(b) From paragraph 6, state one difficulty faced by the survivors.

..... [1 mark]

.....
Section D

[25 marks]

- 32 Read the poem 'Monsoon History' by Shirley Lim below and answer the questions that follow.

Monsoon History

Reading Tennyson, at six
 p.m. in pajamas,
 Listening to down-pouring
 rain: the air ticks
 With gnats, black spiders fly,
 Moths sweep out of our rooms
 Where termites built
 Their hills of eggs and queens zoom
 In heat. We wash our feet
 For bed, watch mother uncoil
 Her snake hair, unbuckle
 The silver mesh around her waist,
 Waiting for father pacing
 The sand as fishers pull
 From the Straits after monsoon.

The air is still, silent
 Like sleepers rocked in the pantun,
 Sheltered by Malacca
 This was forty years ago,
 When nyonya married baba.

Shirley Lim

- (a) State an activity that the family do as mentioned in the poem?
 [1 mark]
- (b) What do you think the economic activity around the Straits of
 Malacca is?
 [1 mark]
- (c) What does the phrase "Reading Tennyson" tell us about the persona?
 [1 mark]
- (d) Based on the second stanza, in your own words, describe the
 atmosphere in Malacca.

..... [2 marks]
 33 Read the extract from the short story "The Sound Machine" below and answer the questions that follow.

The doctor had ripped off the earphones and was running away fast, but Klausner stood spellbound, staring up at the great branch, sixty feet long at least, that was bending slowly downward, breaking and crackling and splintering at its thickest point, where it joined the main trunk of the tree. The branch came crashing down and Klausner leapt aside just in time. It fell upon the machine and smashed it into pieces.

"Great heavens!" shouted the doctor as he came running back. "That was a near one! I thought *it* had got you!"

Klausner was staring at the tree. His large head was leaning to one side and upon his smooth white face there was a tense, horrified expression. Slowly he walked up to the tree and gently, he prised the blade loose from the trunk.

"Did you hear it?" he said, turning to the doctor. His voice was barely audible.

The doctor was still out of breath from running and the excitement. "Hear what?"

"In the earphones. Did you hear anything when the axe struck?"

The doctor began to rub the back of his neck. "Well," he said, "as a matter of fact ..." He paused and frowned and bit his lower lip. "No, I'm not sure. I couldn't be sure. I don't suppose I had the earphones on for more than a second after the axe struck."

(a) What happened to the machine?

..... [1 mark]

(b) What does 'it' refer to?

.....[1 mark]

(c) What was the doctor supposed to hear from the earphone?

.....[1 mark]

(d) Would you like to have Klausner as a friend? Give a reason.

.....
[2 marks]

**ANSWER SHEET
FGK SECTION A**

- | | | | | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| 2 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| 3 | (A) | (B) | (C) | |
| 4 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| 5 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| 6 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| 7 | (A) | (B) | (C) | |
| 8 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| 9 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| 10 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| 11 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| 12 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| 13 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| 14 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| 15 | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |

KERTAS SOALAN TAMAT